

Regulatory and legislative advisory

Title	Substantial Investments - Appendix A.5	
Category	Regulatory and legislative	
Date	June 30, 2015	
Sector	Bank Act	
	Cooperative Credit Associations Act	
	Insurance Companies Act	
	Trust and Loan Companies Act	

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Appendix A.5 – Trust and Loan Companies Permitted Entities

Footnotes

Appendix A.5 – Trust and Loan Companies Permitted Entities

This document has been prepared for convenience of reference only and has no official sanction. For all purposes of interpreting and applying the law, users should consult the TLCA and relevant regulations.

Notes:

- 1. In this Appendix,
 - **Company** refers to a trust company or a loan company, as the case may be;
 - **EAIRs** stands for *Exemption from Approval for Certain Investments in Intragroup Service Entities Regulations;*
 - ERIRs stands for Exemption from Restrictions on Investments Regulations; and
 - **MIRs** stands for *Minority Investment Regulations*.
- 2. Other abbreviations in this Appendix have the meaning ascribed to them on pages 1 and 2 of the Advisory.
- 3. Unless otherwise stated, references in this Appendix to (a) regulations are to regulations made under the

TLCA and (b) provisions are to provisions of the TLCA.

- 4. Classes of entities 2 to 6 below comprise OEs only (i.e., 453(2) entities only).
- 5. A single OE can fall within more than one OE class listed below, depending on its business activities.
- 6. The control and approval requirements and business restrictions listed below refer to the ones imposed by

the TLCA's investment regime.

Classes of Entitie	25	Control Requirement?	Approval Requirement?	Business Restrictions?
1. REs This class comprises entities listed in 453(1).	a. FRE [453(1)(a) to (f)]	Control in fact, except if in compliance with MIRs. [453(4)(a)]	No, except that Minister's approval is required under ownership provisions of the applicable Statute.	No.
	b. Provincially regulated financial institution [453(1)(g) to (i)]	Same as 1(a) above.	Superintendent's approval in all cases except where Minister's approval is required. [453(6) and (7)(c)] Minister's approval is required where the Company acquires control of the entity from a person who is not a member of the Company's group, as defined in subsection 449(2) of the TLCA and section 5 of the <i>Entity</i> <i>Member of Group</i> <i>Regulations</i> . [453(5)(a)]	No.

c. Foreign	Control in fact,	Superintendent's approval	No.
regulated	except	in all cases except where	
financial		Minister's approval is	
institution <u>1</u>	• if in	required.	
[453(1)(j)]	compliance	[453(6) and 7(c)]	
	with MIRs;		
	[453(4)(a)] or	Minister's approval is	
	 where the 	required where the	
	foreign law	Company:	
	does not	 acquires control of 	
	permit	the entity from an	
	control	FRE that is not a	
	(Company,	member of the	
	however,	Company's group,	
	must add	as defined in	
	investment	subsection 449(2)	
	in calculating	of the TLCA and	
	minority	section 5 of the	
	investment	Entity Member of	
	cap under	Group Regulations;	
	MIRs).	[453(5)(b)] or	
	[453(8)]	 has equity of at 	
		least two billion	
		dollars and	
		acquires control of	
		an entity with	
		consolidated assets	
		that exceed 10% of	
		the Company's	
		consolidated	
		assets, as shown in	
		its last annual	
		statement, either	
		alone or when	
		combined with all	
		other acquisitions	
		by the Company of	
		control of foreign	
		regulated financial	
		institutions within	
		the preceding 12	Substantial Investments - Appendix A.

2. Other financial intermediaries This class comprises OEs that engage in a financial intermediary activity that exposes the OE to material market or credit risk.	a. Factoring entity (defined in the <i>Factoring Entity</i> <i>Regulations</i>) [453(2)(a)]	Control in fact, except • if in compliance with MIRs; [453(4)(b)] or • in the case of a foreign entity, where the foreign law does not permit control (Company, however, must add investment in calculating minority investment cap under MIRs). [453(8)]	Superintendent's approval, except where: • the Company is acquiring a controlling interest; [453(6) and (7)(b)] or • the entity provides services exclusively to the Company or members of the Company's group, as defined in subsection 449(2) of the TLCA and section 5 of the <i>Entity Member of</i> <i>Group</i> <i>Regulations.</i> [section 1 of the EAIRs]	By definition, a factoring entity's activities are limited to acting as a factor in respect of accounts receivable, including the related raising and lending of money. [section 1 of the <i>Factoring Entity</i> <i>Regulations</i>] When raising money, however, the entity cannot engage in deposit-taking. [453(3)]
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section 3 of the <i>Financial Leasing Entity</i> <i>Regulations</i> , which include raising money. [449(1)] When raising money, however, the entity cannot engage in deposit-taking. [453(3)]	b. Financial leasing entity (defined in 449(1)) [453(2)(a)]	Same as 2(a) above.	Same as 2(a) above.	Financial Leasing Entity Regulations, which include raising money. [449(1)] When raising money, however, the entity cannot engage in deposit-taking.
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c. Finance	Same as 2(a) above.	No approval where entity	A finance entity is
entity		provides services	subject to the same
(defined in the		exclusively to the	restrictions as loan
Finance Entity		Company or members of	companies in the areas
Regulations)		the Company's group, as	of fiduciary, leasing,
[453(2)(a)]		defined in subsection	residential mortgage
		449(2) of the TLCA and	lending, securities
		section 5 of the Entity	dealing, insurance
		Member of Group	business and
		Regulations. [section 1 of	substantial investments
		the EAIRs]	activities. [453(3). With
			respect to substantial
		In all other cases,	investment activities,
		 Superintendent's 	see also section 1 of
		approval is	the ERIRs where the
		required except	Company does not
		where Minister's	control the entity]
		approval is	
		required. [453(6)	In addition, the entity
		and (7)(c)]	cannot engage in
		 Minister's approval 	deposit-taking. [453(3)]
		is required where	
		the Company	
		acquires control of	
		the entity from an	
		FRE that is not a	
		member of the	
		Company's group.	
		[453(5)(b)]	

d. Mutual fund entity and closed-end fund (both defined in 449(1)) [453(2)(e)]	No.	No.	By definition, both of these entities' activities are limited to investing their funds so as to provide investment diversification and professional investment management to the holders of their securities.
			In addition, these entities are subject to the same restrictions as Companies in the area of substantial investments activities. [453(3)(f). See also section 1 of the ERIRs where the Company does not control the entity]

e. Other	Same as 2(a) above.	Same as 2(c) above.	Same as 2(c) above,	
financial			except that no	
intermediaries,			restriction on insurance	
including			business activities.	
0				
• an				
investmer	1			
fund				
that is				
not a				
mutual				
fund				
entity or				
a closed-				
end				
fund;				
• an entity				
that				
engages				
in the				
business				
activities				
of a				
factoring				
entity				
and in				
one or				
more				
other				
business				
activities;				
and				
 an entity 				
that				
engages				
in the				
business				
activities				
of a				
financial				
leasing				antial
entity				
and in				
one or				

3. Financial	Includes OEs that	No.	No.	A financial agent is
Agents	engage in the			subject to the same
-	following activities:			restrictions as
				Companies in the areas
	 acting as a 			of leasing, residential
	financial			mortgage lending and
	agent			substantial investments
	(including			activities. [453(3). With
	insurance			respect to substantial
	broker);			investment activities, see
	 providing 			also section 1 of the
	investment			ERIRs where the
	counselling			Company does not
	services;			control the entity]
	providing			
	portfolio			In addition, a financial
	management			agent cannot engage in
	services;			deposit-taking activities.
	networking			[453(3)]
	financial			A financial agent is also
	services; or • acting as a			subject to the same
	• acting as a trustee for a			restrictions as loan
	mutual fund			companies in the areas
	entity or a			of:
	closed-end			 fiduciary
	fund.			• Induciary activities, except
	[453(2)(a)]			when acting as a
	[133(2)(3)]			trustee for a
	Also includes a			mutual fund
	mutual fund			entity or a closed-
	distribution entity,			end fund;
	as defined in 449(1).			[453(3)(a) and
	[453(2)(e)]			(3.1)]
				 securities dealing
				except in the case
				of a mutual fund
				distribution
				entity.
				[453(3)(b)]

4. Investment holding entities

This class comprises OEs whose business includes acquiring or holding shares of, or ownership interests in, entities that a Company is permitted to hold or acquire. [453(2)(b)] a. Specialized financing entity (defined in the Specialized Financing Regulations as an entity that acquires or holds shares of, or ownership interests in, entities that a Company may acquire control of, or hold, acquire or increase a substantial investment in, under 451(4))

Control in fact, except:

- if in compliance with MIRs; [453(4)(c)] or
- in the case of a foreign specialized
 financing entity,
 where the foreign
 law does not
 permit control
 (Company,
 however, must add
 investment in
 calculating minority
 investment cap
 under MIRs).
 [453(8)]

Superintendent's approval in all cases. [453(6)] A specialized financing entity is subject to the restrictions set out the *Specialized Financing Regulations*, including on controlling or holding shares of, or ownership interests in,

- an RE; or
- an OE that, in Canada,
 - primarily
 engages in
 financial
 leasing of
 motor
 vehicles,
 primarily
 engages in
 - operational leasing, or
 - acts as an insurance agent or broker.

In addition, a specialized financing entity is subject to the same restrictions as loan companies in the areas of fiduciary, leasing, residential mortgage lending, securities dealing and substantial investments activities. [453(3). With respect to substantial investment activities, see also section 1 of the ERIRs where the Company does not control the specialized financing entitv1

b. Other	Control in fact,	Superintendent's approval	Such an investment
investment	except:	only if the Company is	holding entity is subject
holding entity		acquiring a non-	to the same restrictions
i.e., an OE that	• if in	controlling interest.	as loan companies in
acquires or	compliance	[453(6) and (7)(a)]	the areas of fiduciary,
holds shares of,	with MIRs;	[455(0) and (7)(a)]	leasing, residential
	[453(4)(c)(i)		-
or ownership	and (ii)]		mortgage lending,
interests in,	• in the case of		securities dealing and substantial investments
entities that a	a foreign		
Company is	investment		activities (with the
permitted to	holding		exception of temporary
acquire or hold	entity, where		investment activities
under:	the foreign		where the Company
• 409 –	law does not		does not control the
less than	permit		investment holding
substantia	·		entity). [453(3). With
investmen	ts (Company,		respect to substantial
(portfolio	however,		investment activities,
investmen			see also section 1 of
• 453 –	investment		the ERIRs where the
PEs;	in calculating		Company does not
• 451(2)	minority		control the investment
–investme	-		holding entity]
via an RE	cap under		In addition, such an
subsidiary	•		entity cannot engage in
• 456 -	[453(8)] or		deposit-taking. [453(3)]
temporary			
investmen			
(only if	holding		
the	entity does		
Company	not control		
controls	or hold any		
the	share of, or		
investmen			
holding	interest in,		
-	o an RE		
entity);			
• 457 -	(class		
loan]		
workouts;	entity)		
• 458 -	∘ a		Substantial Investments - Append
realization	financia erintendent of Financial In interme	II stitutions	Pa
ot	interme	diary	

5. Non- financial services entities	a. Entity that engages in information processing activities (i.e., activities referred to in 410(1)(c) and(d)) [453(2)(a)]	No.	Minister's approval, except where the activities are carried on: • outside Canada; or • since May 31, 1992 or before that date. [453(5)(d)]	A non-financial services entity is subject to the same restrictions as loan companies in the areas of fiduciary, leasing, residential mortgage lending, securities dealing and substantial investments activities. [453(3). With respect to substantial investment activities, see also
	b. Entity that engages in information technology activities (i.e., activities referred to in 410(1)(d.1)) [453(2)(a)]	No.	Minister's approval, except where the conditions set out in section 5 of the <i>Information Technology</i> <i>Activities Regulations</i> are met (see class 6 below). [453(5)(d.1)]	section 1 of the ERIRs where the Company does not control the entity] In addition, such an entity cannot engage in deposit-taking. [453(3)

c. Entity that No. No. engages in the following activities (i.e., other activities referred to in 410(1)): • managing, holding or dealing with real property; • acting as real estate agent; • specialized business managem or advisory services, including acting as а general partner of a limited partnershi 2 promoting merchand or services to card holders; selling

lottery or urban transit

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tickets;

d. Entity that provides services to certain entities, so long as it provides those services to the Company or members of the Company's group, as defined in subsection 449(2) of the TLCA and section 5 of the Entity Member of Group Regulations. <u>3</u> [453(2)(c)]	No.	No.
e. Entity that engages in activities relating to promotion, sale delivery or distribution of financial services or products provided by certain entities.	No.	Minister's approval. [453(5)(c)]

6. Prescribed entities A Company may acquire control of, or acquire or increase a substantial investment in, an entity that engages in prescribed activities. [453(2)(f)]	Prescribed activities are set out in subsection 3(1) of the Information Technology Activities Regulations (collectively, the "IT Activities").	Neither the TLCA nor the I nformation Technology Activities Regulations impose control requirements with respect to the IT Activities.	Where an entity limits its activities to IT Activities, no approval of the Minister is required under 453(5)(e).4 [section 5 of the Information Technology Activities Regulations]	In the case of an entity that engages in the IT Activities, the entity: is subject to the same restrictions as loan companies in the areas of fiduciary, leasing, residential mortgage lending, dealing in goods, securities dealing and substantial investments activities; and cannot engage in deposit-taking. [subsection 3(3) and section 4 of the <i>Information</i> <i>Technology</i> <i>Activities</i> <i>Regulations</i>]
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Footnotes

- OSFI is of the view that this class refers to foreign regulated entities that are subject to regulatory regimes that are substantially similar to the ones applicable to equivalent Canadian entities listed in classes 1(a) or (b) above. For example, in order to be a class 1(c) entity, a foreign entity that primarily engages outside Canada in a business that, if carried on in Canada, would be the business of providing fiduciary services would have to be regulated in a substantially similar manner as a trust company subject to the TLCA or referred to in paragraph 453(1)(g).
- 2 Depending on the circumstances, an entity's role as general partner of a limited partnership may also cause the entity to be a financial agent (class 3 above). In addition, OSFI generally views a general partner's nominal interest in a limited partnership as being ancillary to its general partner activities and, as a result, generally does not view a general partner as also being an investment holding entity (class 4 above) with regards to the limited partnership.
- 3 OSFI is of the view that if an OE engages in services referred to in paragraph 453(2)(c) and in another paragraph within 453(2), then the OE should be categorized under that other paragraph. For example, where a Company seeks to acquire control of an OE that will provide information technology services exclusively to members of the Company's group, that entity should be categorized as a 453(2)(a) entity rather than a 453(2)(c) entity. In such a case, the acquisition would require the Minister's approval under 453(5)(d.1), assuming the entity's services are not contemplated by the *Information Technology Activities Regulations*.
- 4 This is effectively an exception to the general approval requirement referred to in class 5(b) above.